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The Morning Astorian.

VOL. LIV

ASTORIA, OREGON, WEDNESDAY, MAY 21, 1902.

NO. 118.

BALL AND SUPPER

FOR

HERMAN WISE'S CUSTOMERS

AUGUST 30

Keep Your Slips of Purchases made at my store and when you have enough to cover Twenty Dollars worth of Goods Exchange your slips for a Free Ticket

The Dance Will Be All Right.
The Supper Will Be All Right.
Our Clothes and Prices are All Right.




WATERMAN'S IDEAL

The most perfect, practical and convenient Fountain Pen ever made

Every Pen Guaranteed

Money refunded if not satisfactory. Just the thing for every day use. Nothing more acceptable as a gift.

GRIFFIN & REED.

LAWN MOWERS

\$2.90 to \$5.60

FISHER BROS.

TAILOR MADE PANTS

LATEST STYLES
NOBBIEST PATTERNS
EVERY PAIR PERFECT

See Our Window Display for Samples of Elegant goods at LOW PRICES

SWEATERS

We Have Them in Every Variety, Style, Kind and Color
At the Leading Clothing House of

P. A. STOKES

ROOSEVELT TO PRESBYTERIANS

Rough Rider Executive of the Nation Addresses Christians.

CARNegie HALL CROWDED

Platform Contained 400 Prominent Men and Women.—It Was the Centennial Celebration.

NEW YORK, May 20.—Carnegie hall was crowded tonight with an audience eager to hear the address of President Roosevelt in the interest of the Presbyterian home missions, the occasion marking the close of the centennial celebration. In the parquet sat commissioners of the general assembly with as many of their friends as could be crowded in. The boxes were filled with men and women who are leaders in metropolitan Presbyterianism and others interested in the meeting. There were about 400 men and women on the platform.

THE PRESIDENT'S ADDRESS.
It is a pleasure on behalf of the United States to bid you welcome on this hundredth anniversary of the beginning of organized home missionary work by the Presbyterian church. In one sense, of course, all fervent and earnest church work is a part of home missionary work. Every earnest and zealous believer, every man or woman is a doer of the work, not a hearer only, is a lifelong missionary in his or her field of labor—a missionary by precept and by what is a thousandfold more than precept, by practice. Every such believer exerts influence on those within reach, somewhat by word and infinitely more through the ceaseless yet welling unseen pressure, all the stronger when its exercise is unconscious, of example of broad, loving neighborliness.

But tonight we celebrate 100 years of missionary work, done not incidentally but with set purposes; 100 years of earnest effort to spread abroad the gospel to lay deep the moral foundation upon which true national greatness must rest. The century that has closed has seen the conquest of this continent by our people. To conquer a continent is rough work. All the really great work is rough in the doing, though it may seem smooth enough to those who look back upon it or who gaze upon it from afar. Thoroughness is an unavoidable part of the doing of the deed. We need display but scant patience with those who, sitting at ease in their own homes, delight to exercise a querulous and censorious part of judgment upon their brethren, who, whatever their shortcomings, are doing strong men's work as they bring the light of civilization into the world's dark places. The criticism of those who live softly, remote from the strife is of little value; but it would be difficult to overestimate the value of the missionary work of those who go out to share the hardship and while sharing it, to wage war against the myriad forms of brutality. It is such missionary work which prevents the pioneers from sinking perilously near the level of the savagery against which they contend. Without it the conquest of this continent would have had little but an animal side. Without it the pioneers fierce and rude virtues and sombre faults would have been left unlit by the flame of pure and loving aspiration. Without it the life of this country would have been a life of inconceivable hard and barren materialism. Because of it, deep beneath and through the national character there runs that power of firm adherence to a lofty ideal upon which the safety of the nation will ultimately depend. Honor, thrice honor, to those who for three generations, during the period of this peoples great expansion, have seen that the force of the living truth expanded as the nation expanded. They bore the burden and the heat of the day, they toiled obscurely and died un-

CUBA IS NOW CUBA'S

UNITED STATES HAS FULL FILLEE HER MISSION.

And Cuba is Duly Grateful to Her Heroic and Benevolent Benefactor.

NEW YORK, May 20.—In a dispatch from Havana, the World publishes General Leonard Wood's review of the work accomplished during the American occupation:

HAVANA, May 20.—Señor Palma today attached his signature to a document as president of the Cuban Republic, after an exchange of congratulations, and the veteran General Gomez ascended to the roof of the palace, where he was accorded a great reception.

General Wood personally honored the American colors, which were saluted, and with his own hands hoisted the Cuban flag, as an act of the United States, Gomez assisting.

General Wood and his staff and the American troops embarked immediately after the hoisting of the Cuban flag, and the American ships steamed out of the harbor.

At the time the transfer took place in Havana, General Whiteside, at Santiago, turned over his authority to his Cuban successor and sailed away with the American cavalry, which had been in garrison there.

A chapter of American history was thus ended and the first chapter of the Republic of Cuba was begun.

At noon a solemn high mass in honor of the new republic had been celebrated in all the churches of the island and at 4 o'clock Te-Dum was sung at the cathedral. At the same hour the Cuban congress proclaimed the constitution. Tonight the whole city is illuminated and a great pyrotechnic display was made from the walls of Moro Castle and Cabanas fortresses. During the ceremonies at the palace the reply made by President Palma to Governor General Wood closed as follows:

"I take advantage of this solemn occasion, where there is fulfilled an honest promise of the government and the people of the United States in regard to the people of Cuba and when the personality of our country is established as a sovereign nation to express to you as a worthy representative of that great nation, the immense gratitude that the people of Cuba feel for the American nation, for its illustrious president, and to you personally for your efforts for the attainment of that cherished ideal."

FIRES IN AN INSANE ASYLUM

Twenty Five Hundred Patients Are Made Frantic With Fright.

WOMEN FOUGHT LIKE DEMONS

Had There Been Concert of Action the Whole Number Would Have Escaped.

NEW YORK, May 20.—A fire at the New Jersey state hospital for the insane at Morris Plains has caused wild excitement among the 2500 patients. The guards were able to restrain them only by the most vigorous efforts. When the fire was first discovered in the laundry the patients were hastily brought together in the yard and surrounded by a cordon of guards and attendants, who held them back when they made a dash for freedom.

As soon as the flames were discovered most of the guards and attendants were sent to the various wards to get the patients out. None of the violently insane or criminals was in the threatened building, but the alarm of fire caused even those whose minds were but slightly unbalanced to become frantic with terror. Nearly all the patients were in the dormitories, which made the task of getting them out of the building much easier, as they could be marshalled as at the regular drill. In some of the wards furthest from the fire a few of the patients who could be trusted were left. The others were marched from the building. Although they were greatly frightened, a few soothing words from the guards pacified them, and there was little trouble until all were assembled in the yard. There they again became panic stricken and many tried to break through the thin line of guards. The women seemed more frightened than the men and several times they led the dashes for freedom. Had there been any concerted movement the whole 2500 would have escaped. Groups of 20 or 30 would make a sudden run toward the guards and the latter would have hard work getting them back in the crowd with the others. This would work the others up to a frenzy, and another group would charge toward another part of the line, only to be driven back.

Men and women used their fists freely and several of the guards were badly bruised by the struggling mob. As far as could be learned, however, none escaped.

When the flames were extinguished the patients were led back to their dormitories, but for hours they could not be quieted. The financial loss was small.

MR. HARRIMAN IN PORTLAND

He States Passenger Rates for Oregon Will Be Reduced.

FROM FOUR TO THREE CENTS

Columbia Valley Route to the Sea.—Portland Should Look After the Bar of the Columbia.

PORTLAND, May 20.—E. H. Harriman announced tonight that passenger rates on the Southern Pacific lines in Oregon would be reduced from four to three cents per mile, immediately. Speaking of the construction of the proposed road from Lewiston to Riparia, Mr. Harriman said:

"The Northern Pacific will use the O. R. & N. track from Riparia to Walcott. At the other end of the route the O. R. & N. will get the benefit of the Northern Pacific feeders already operating above Lewiston. All that country will have access to the Columbia Valley route to the sea."

Asked which company would build the Lewiston-Riparia line, he said:

"There is mere matter of detail. The important thing is that the road will be built. Only grade in the Columbia River route is at the mouth of the stream and Portland should see to it that the bar is kept passable for big ships. It would impress upon the people of the Columbia Valley the great advantage that will follow a better understanding and greater cooperation among the various business interests."

President Mellen of the Northern Pacific said tonight that Washington and Oregon Company would complete the road now being built between Kalama and Vancouver into Portland as soon as arrangements could be made. He said the work on the bridge across the Columbia at Vancouver would soon be commenced. The Harriman party leaves tomorrow over the O. R. & N.

AN OHIO WATER SPOUT

CAME FROM KENTUCKY.—BROUGHT DEATH.

Six Were Killed and Many Injured and Water Was 20 Feet Deep.

CINCINNATI, May 20.—Today this neighborhood was stricken by a terrific wind and rain storm, causing the death of six persons and injuring many others. The fury of the storm continued only half an hour, but in that time over half a million dollars in damage was done in the business section of Cincinnati and as much more in other parts of the city and suburbs.

The dead are:

WILLIE WILLEN, aged 4, drowned in Covington.

MRS. FLACHNER, drowned in Covington.

CLEM DAVIER, drowned in Covington.

GEORGE BECKER, drowned in the streets of Cincinnati.

FERDINAND WAPP, drowned in a cellar in Cincinnati.

D. W. C. BELLEVILLE, blown from a roof in Cincinnati.

A terrific waterspout on Lewisburg Mills in the southern suburb of Covington, Ky., moved into this city, passing up the Miami Valley. The water rolled down the hills 20 feet deep in places and about 100 yards wide.

DOINGS IN WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, May 20.—For the third time within a week the house has instructed its conferees on the matter of dispute between the senate and the house. Today instructions were given on amendments to the army bill before the conferees had even considered the matter in controversy. A motion to instruct was made by Cannon, of Illinois, the chairman of appropriation committee. It was resisted by a pull, the chairman committee on military affairs.

PHILIPPINE BILL.
WASHINGTON, May 20.—The subject of concentration of inhabitants in the Philippines into camps was the leading topic in discussion of the Philippine bill in the senate today. Bacon attacked the policy of concentration, likening it to the reconcentrado camps established by Weyler in Cuba. Foraker defended the action of the military authorities as wise and proper, and as a means of protecting the friendly Filipinos from assassination at the hands of insurgents. Hoar spoke briefly in line with Bacon. Clapp closed the debate in an eloquent speech,

UNION MADE FOOT WEAR

No Better in Town
Every Pair Perfect

Boston Rubber Boots

Buy your shoes and boots of a
Practical Shoemaker

S. A. Gilmre.

Opposite Ross, Higgins & Co.

CHAPLAIN INJURED.

WASHINGTON, May 20.—Blind Chaplain Milburn of the senate was struck by a runaway horse as he was leaving capitol today. One of his feet was badly injured.

CYCLONE CASUALTIES.

GOLIAD, Tex., May 20.—With death today of three of the persons injured in Sunday's tornado, the total number of dead is 95. It is believed that several more of the 100 persons who were injured cannot survive.

TROOPS FOR SKAGWAY.

PORT TOWNSEND, Wash., May 20.—The steamer City of Seattle, arriving from the north today, brought down a detachment of colored soldiers belonging to the Twenty-fourth infantry, which has been stationed at Skagway. The detachment is in command of Captain Hovey and is bound for Missoula, Mont.

AND CUBA IS DULY GRATEFUL TO HER HEROIC AND BENEVOLENT BENEFICATOR.

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BEEF COMBINE.

CHICAGO, May 20.—The order gives relief prayed for in the bill filed by District Attorney Behea on May 18. It is so wide in scope that if the packers or their agents continue with their present alleged uniform arrangements they will be taken into court on contempt proceedings and the burden of proof will be on them to show that they have not violated the order in any particular.

STRIKE EMINENT.

PORTLAND, May 20.—Twenty-five hundred men, members of the Building Trades, will strike tomorrow. Strike was brought about by the refusal of planing mill owners to grant a nine-hour day to employees. Trades Council issued orders to all members to strike, unless planing mill men's demands be granted before morning.

NORTHWEST LEAGUE.

At Portland—Portland-Butte game postponed; rain.

At Seattle—Seattle, 5; Tacoma, 0.

At Spokane—Spokane, 9; Helena, 2.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Chicago—Chicago, 3; Boston, 1.

At Pittsburgh—Pittsburg, 6; Philadelphia, 5.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Washington—Washington, 3; Baltimore, 4.

At Boston—Boston, 2; Philadelphia, 1.

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Plumbers and Steamfitters.
Steam Boat and Gasoline
Boat Work a Specialty. . .
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